

Package ‘missSBM’

February 1, 2022

Type Package

Title Handling Missing Data in Stochastic Block Models

Version 1.0.2

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Description

When a network is partially observed (here, NAs in the adjacency matrix rather than 1 or 0 due to missing information between node pairs), it is possible to account for the underlying process that generates those NAs. 'missSBM', presented in 'Barbillon, Chiquet and Tabouy' (2021) <[doi:10.18637/jss.v101.i12](https://doi.org/10.18637/jss.v101.i12)>, adjusts the popular stochastic block model from network data sampled under various missing data conditions, as described in 'Tabouy, Barbillon and Chiquet' (2019) <[doi:10.1080/01621459.2018.1562934](https://doi.org/10.1080/01621459.2018.1562934)>.

URL <https://grosssbm.github.io/missSBM/>

BugReports <https://github.com/grossSBM/missSBM/issues>

License GPL-3

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 7.1.2

Depends R (>= 3.4.0)

Imports Rcpp, methods, igraph, nloptr, ggplot2, future.apply, R6, rlang, sbm, magrittr, Matrix, RSpectra

LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppArmadillo, nloptr

Collate 'utils_missSBM.R' 'R6Class-networkSampling.R'
'R6Class-networkSampling_fit.R' 'R6Class-simpleSBM_fit.R'
'R6Class-missSBM_fit.R' 'R6Class-missSBM_collection.R'
'R6Class-networkSampler.R' 'R6Class-partlyObservedNetwork.R'
'RcppExports.R' 'er_network.R' 'estimateMissSBM.R'
'frenchblog2007.R' 'kmeans.R' 'missSBM-package.R'
'observeNetwork.R' 'war.R'

Suggests aricode, blockmodels, corrplot, future, testthat (>= 2.1.0), covr, knitr, rmarkdown, spelling

VignetteBuilder knitr

Language en-US

NeedsCompilation yes

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Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2022-02-01 16:00:20 UTC

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`blockDyadSampler` *Class for defining a block dyad sampler*

Description

Class for defining a block dyad sampler

Class for defining a block dyad sampler

Super classes

`missSBM::networkSampling` -> `missSBM::networkSampler` -> `missSBM::dyadSampler` -> `blockDyadSampler`

Active bindings

`df` the number of parameters of this sampling

Methods

Public methods:

- `blockDyadSampler$new()`
- `blockDyadSampler$clone()`

Method `new()`: constructor for `networkSampling`

Usage:

```
blockDyadSampler$new(  
  parameters = NA,  
  nbNodes = NA,  
  directed = FALSE,  
  clusters = NA  
)
```

Arguments:

`parameters` the vector of parameters associated to the sampling at play

`nbNodes` number of nodes in the network

`directed` logical, directed network of not

`clusters` a vector of class memberships

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
blockDyadSampler$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

blockDyadSampling_fit *Class for fitting a block-dyad sampling*

Description

Class for fitting a block-dyad sampling

Class for fitting a block-dyad sampling

Super classes

`missSBM::networkSampling` -> `missSBM::networkSamplingDyads_fit` -> `blockDyadSampling_fit`

Active bindings

`vExpec` variational expectation of the sampling

`log_lambda` matrix, term for adjusting the imputation step which depends on the type of sampling

Methods**Public methods:**

- `blockDyadSampling_fit$new()`
- `blockDyadSampling_fit$update_parameters()`
- `blockDyadSampling_fit$clone()`

Method `new()`: constructor*Usage:*

```
blockDyadSampling_fit$new(partlyObservedNetwork, blockInit)
```

Arguments:

`partlyObservedNetwork` a object with class `partlyObservedNetwork` representing the observed data with possibly missing entries

`blockInit` $n \times Q$ matrix of initial block indicators

Method `update_parameters()`: a method to update the estimation of the parameters. By default, nothing to do (corresponds to MAR sampling)

Usage:

```
blockDyadSampling_fit$update_parameters(nu, Z)
```

Arguments:

`nu` the matrix of (uncorrected) imputation for missing entries

Z probabilities of block memberships

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
blockDyadSampling_fit$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

blockNodeSampler

Class for defining a block node sampler

Description

Class for defining a block node sampler

Class for defining a block node sampler

Super classes

[missSBM::networkSampling](#) -> [missSBM::networkSampler](#) -> [missSBM::nodeSampler](#) -> [blockNodeSampler](#)

Methods

Public methods:

- [blockNodeSampler\\$new\(\)](#)
- [blockNodeSampler\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method new(): constructor for networkSampling

Usage:

```
blockNodeSampler$new(
  parameters = NA,
  nbNodes = NA,
  directed = FALSE,
  clusters = NA
)
```

Arguments:

parameters the vector of parameters associated to the sampling at play

nbNodes number of nodes in the network

directed logical, directed network of not

clusters a vector of class memberships

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
blockNodeSampler$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

blockNodeSampling_fit *Class for fitting a block-node sampling*

Description

Class for fitting a block-node sampling

Class for fitting a block-node sampling

Super classes

[missSBM::networkSampling](#) -> [missSBM::networkSamplingNodes_fit](#) -> [blockNodeSampling_fit](#)

Active bindings

vExpec variational expectation of the sampling

log_lambda double, term for adjusting the imputation step which depends on the type of sampling

Methods

Public methods:

- [blockNodeSampling_fit\\$new\(\)](#)
- [blockNodeSampling_fit\\$update_parameters\(\)](#)
- [blockNodeSampling_fit\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method new(): constructor

Usage:

`blockNodeSampling_fit$new(partlyObservedNetwork, blockInit)`

Arguments:

partlyObservedNetwork a object with class partlyObservedNetwork representing the observed data with possibly missing entries

blockInit n x Q matrix of initial block indicators

Method update_parameters(): a method to update the estimation of the parameters. By default, nothing to do (corresponds to MAR sampling)

Usage:

`blockNodeSampling_fit$update_parameters(imputedNet, Z)`

Arguments:

imputedNet an adjacency matrix where missing values have been imputed

Z indicator of blocks

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

`blockNodeSampling_fit$clone(deep = FALSE)`

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

coef.missSBM_fit *Extract model coefficients*

Description

Extracts model coefficients from objects `missSBM_fit` returned by `estimateMissSBM()`

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'missSBM_fit'
coef(
  object,
  type = c("mixture", "connectivity", "covariates", "sampling"),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	an R6 object with class <code>missSBM_fit</code>
<code>type</code>	type of parameter that should be extracted. Either "mixture" (default), "connectivity", "covariates" or "sampling"
<code>...</code>	additional parameters for S3 compatibility. Not used

Value

A vector or matrix of coefficients extracted from the `missSBM_fit` model.

`covarDyadSampling_fit` *Class for fitting a dyad sampling with covariates*

Description

Class for fitting a dyad sampling with covariates

Class for fitting a dyad sampling with covariates

Super classes

`missSBM::networkSampling` -> `missSBM::networkSamplingDyads_fit` -> `covarDyadSampling_fit`

Active bindings

`vExpect` variational expectation of the sampling

Methods**Public methods:**

- [covarDyadSampling_fit\\$new\(\)](#)
- [covarDyadSampling_fit\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method `new()`: constructor*Usage:*`covarDyadSampling_fit$new(partialNet, ...)`*Arguments:*

`partialNet` a object with class `partlyObservedNetwork` representing the observed data with possibly missing entries
`...` used for compatibility

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.*Usage:*`covarDyadSampling_fit$clone(deep = FALSE)`*Arguments:*

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

`covarNodeSampling_fit` *Class for fitting a node-centered sampling with covariate*

Description

Class for fitting a node-centered sampling with covariate

Class for fitting a node-centered sampling with covariate

Super classes

[missSBM::networkSampling](#) -> [missSBM::networkSamplingNodes_fit](#) -> `covarNodeSampling_fit`

Active bindings

`vExpec` variational expectation of the sampling

Methods**Public methods:**

- [covarNodeSampling_fit\\$new\(\)](#)
- [covarNodeSampling_fit\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method `new()`: constructor*Usage:*


```
covarNodeSampling_fit$new(partlyObservedNetwork, ...)
```

Arguments:

partlyObservedNetwork a object with class partlyObservedNetwork representing the observed data with possibly missing entries

... used for compatibility

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
covarNodeSampling_fit$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

degreeSampler

Class for defining a degree sampler

Description

Class for defining a degree sampler

Class for defining a degree sampler

Super classes

[missSBM::networkSampling](#) -> [missSBM::networkSampler](#) -> [missSBM::nodeSampler](#) -> degreeSampler

Methods

Public methods:

- [degreeSampler\\$new\(\)](#)
- [degreeSampler\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method new(): constructor for networkSampling

Usage:

```
degreeSampler$new(parameters = NA, degrees = NA, directed = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

parameters the vector of parameters associated to the sampling at play

degrees vector of nodes' degrees

directed logical, directed network of not

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
degreeSampler$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

degreeSampling_fit *Class for fitting a degree sampling*

Description

Class for fitting a degree sampling

Class for fitting a degree sampling

Super classes

`missSBM::networkSampling` -> `missSBM::networkSamplingNodes_fit` -> `degreeSampling_fit`

Active bindings

`vExpec` variational expectation of the sampling

Methods

Public methods:

- `degreeSampling_fit$new()`
- `degreeSampling_fit$update_parameters()`
- `degreeSampling_fit$update_imputation()`
- `degreeSampling_fit$clone()`

Method `new()`: constructor

Usage:

`degreeSampling_fit$new(partlyObservedNetwork, blockInit, connectInit)`

Arguments:

`partlyObservedNetwork` a object with class `partlyObservedNetwork` representing the observed data with possibly missing entries

`blockInit` $n \times Q$ matrix of initial block indicators

`connectInit` $Q \times Q$ matrix of initial block probabilities of connection

Method `update_parameters()`: a method to update the estimation of the parameters. By default, nothing to do (corresponds to MAR sampling)

Usage:

`degreeSampling_fit$update_parameters(imputedNet, ...)`

Arguments:

`imputedNet` an adjacency matrix where missing values have been imputed

... used for compatibility

Method `update_imputation()`: a method to update the imputation of the missing entries.

Usage:

`degreeSampling_fit$update_imputation(PI, ...)`

Arguments:

PI the matrix of inter/intra class probability of connection
 ... use for compatibility

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

degreeSampling_fit\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

doubleStandardSampler *Class for defining a double-standard sampler*

Description

Class for defining a double-standard sampler

Class for defining a double-standard sampler

Super classes

[missSBM::networkSampling](#) -> [missSBM::networkSampler](#) -> [missSBM::dyadSampler](#) -> doubleStandardSampler

Methods**Public methods:**

- [doubleStandardSampler\\$new\(\)](#)
- [doubleStandardSampler\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method new(): constructor for networkSampling

Usage:

doubleStandardSampler\$new(parameters = NA, adjMatrix = NA, directed = FALSE)

Arguments:

parameters the vector of parameters associated to the sampling at play
 adjMatrix matrix of adjacency
 directed logical, directed network of not

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

doubleStandardSampler\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

doubleStandardSampling_fit

Class for fitting a double-standard sampling

Description

Class for fitting a double-standard sampling

Class for fitting a double-standard sampling

Super classes

`missSBM::networkSampling` -> `missSBM::networkSamplingDyads_fit` -> `doubleStandardSampling_fit`

Active bindings

`vExpec` variational expectation of the sampling

Methods

Public methods:

- `doubleStandardSampling_fit$new()`
- `doubleStandardSampling_fit$update_parameters()`
- `doubleStandardSampling_fit$update_imputation()`
- `doubleStandardSampling_fit$clone()`

Method `new()`: constructor

Usage:

`doubleStandardSampling_fit$new(partlyObservedNetwork, ...)`

Arguments:

`partlyObservedNetwork` a object with class `partlyObservedNetwork` representing the observed data with possibly missing entries

... used for compatibility

Method `update_parameters()`: a method to update the estimation of the parameters. By default, nothing to do (corresponds to MAR sampling)

Usage:

`doubleStandardSampling_fit$update_parameters(nu, ...)`

Arguments:

`nu` an adjacency matrix with imputed values (only)

... use for compatibility

Method `update_imputation()`: a method to update the imputation of the missing entries.

Usage:

`doubleStandardSampling_fit$update_imputation(nu)`

Arguments:

nu the matrix of (uncorrected) imputation for missing entries

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
doubleStandardSampling_fit$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

 dyadSampler

Virtual class for all dyad-centered samplers

Description

Virtual class for all dyad-centered samplers

Virtual class for all dyad-centered samplers

Super classes

[missSBM::networkSampling](#) -> [missSBM::networkSampler](#) -> dyadSampler

Methods**Public methods:**

- [dyadSampler\\$new\(\)](#)
- [dyadSampler\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method new(): constructor for networkSampling

Usage:

```
dyadSampler$new(type = NA, parameters = NA, nbNodes = NA, directed = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

type character for the type of sampling. must be in ("dyad", "covar-dyad", "node", "covar-node", "block-node", "block-dyad", "double-standard", "degree")

parameters the vector of parameters associated to the sampling at play

nbNodes number of nodes in the network

directed logical, directed network of not

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
dyadSampler$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

dyadSampling_fit *Class for fitting a dyad sampling*

Description

Class for fitting a dyad sampling

Class for fitting a dyad sampling

Super classes

`missSBM::networkSampling` -> `missSBM::networkSamplingDyads_fit` -> `dyadSampling_fit`

Active bindings

`vExpec` variational expectation of the sampling

Methods

Public methods:

- `dyadSampling_fit$new()`
- `dyadSampling_fit$clone()`

Method `new()`: constructor

Usage:

`dyadSampling_fit$new(partlyObservedNetwork, ...)`

Arguments:

`partlyObservedNetwork` a object with class `partlyObservedNetwork` representing the observed data with possibly missing entries

`...` used for compatibility

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

`dyadSampling_fit$clone(deep = FALSE)`

Arguments:

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

er_network	<i>ER ego centered network</i>
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Description

A dataset containing the weighted PPI network centered around the ESR1 (ER) protein

Usage

```
er_network
```

Format

A sparse symmetric matrix with 741 rows and 741 columns ESR1

Source

<https://string-db.org/>

Examples

```
data("er_network")  
class(er_network)
```

estimateMissSBM	<i>Estimation of simple SBMs with missing data</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Variational EM inference of Stochastic Block Models indexed by block number from a partially observed network.

Usage

```
estimateMissSBM(  
  adjacencyMatrix,  
  vBlocks,  
  sampling,  
  covariates = list(),  
  control = list()  
)
```

Arguments

adjacencyMatrix	The $N \times N$ adjacency matrix of the network data. If adjacencyMatrix is symmetric, we assume an undirected network with no loop; otherwise the network is assumed to be directed.
vBlocks	The vector of number of blocks considered in the collection.
sampling	The model used to described the process that originates the missing data: MAR designs ("dyad", "node", "covar-dyad", "covar-node", "snowball") and MNAR designs ("double-standard", "block-dyad", "block-node", "degree") are available. See details.
covariates	An optional list with M entries (the M covariates). If the covariates are node-centered, each entry of covariates must be a size- N vector; if the covariates are dyad-centered, each entry of covariates must be $N \times N$ matrix.
control	a list of parameters controlling advanced features. See details.

Details

Internal functions use `future_lapply`, so set your plan to 'multisession' or 'multicore' to use several cores/workers. The list of parameters control tunes more advanced features, such as the initialization, how covariates are handled in the model, and the variational EM algorithm:

- "useCov": logical. If covariates is not null, should they be used for the for the SBM inference (or just for the sampling)? Default is TRUE.
- "clusterInit": Initial method for clustering: either a character ("spectral") or a list with `length(vBlocks)` vectors, each with size `ncol(adjacencyMatrix)`, providing a user-defined clustering. Default is "spectral".
- "similarity": An $R \times R \rightarrow R$ function to compute similarities between node covariates. Default is `missSBM::l1_similarity`, that is, $-\text{abs}(x-y)$. Only relevant when the covariates are node-centered (i.e. covariates is a list of size- N vectors).
- "threshold": V-EM algorithm stops stop when an optimization step changes the objective function or the parameters by less than threshold. Default is $1e-2$.
- "maxIter": V-EM algorithm stops when the number of iteration exceeds maxIter. Default is 50.
- "fixPointIter": number of fix-point iterations in the V-E step. Default is 3.
- "exploration": character indicating the kind of exploration used among "forward", "backward", "both" or "none". Default is "both".
- "iterates": integer for the number of iterations during exploration. Only relevant when exploration is different from "none". Default is 1.
- "trace": logical for verbosity. Default is TRUE.

The different sampling designs are split into two families in which we find dyad-centered and node-centered samplings. See doi: [10.1080/01621459.2018.1562934](https://doi.org/10.1080/01621459.2018.1562934) for a complete description.

- Missing at Random (MAR)
 - "dyad": parameter = $p = \text{Prob}(\text{Dyad}(i,j) \text{ is observed})$

- "node": parameter = $p = \text{Prob}(\text{Node } i \text{ is observed})$
- "covar-dyad": parameter = β in R^M , such that $\text{Prob}(\text{Dyad } (i,j) \text{ is observed}) = \text{logistic}(\text{parameter}' \text{ covarArray } (i,j, .))$
- "covar-node": parameter = ν in R^M such that $\text{Prob}(\text{Node } i \text{ is observed}) = \text{logistic}(\text{parameter}' \text{ covarMatrix } (i, .))$
- "snowball": parameter = number of waves with $\text{Prob}(\text{Node } i \text{ is observed in the 1st wave})$
- Missing Not At Random (MNAR)
 - "double-standard": parameter = (p_0, p_1) with $p_0 = \text{Prob}(\text{Dyad } (i,j) \text{ is observed} \mid \text{the dyad is equal to } 0)$, $p_1 = \text{Prob}(\text{Dyad } (i,j) \text{ is observed} \mid \text{the dyad is equal to } 1)$
 - "block-node": parameter = $c(p(1), \dots, p(Q))$ and $p(q) = \text{Prob}(\text{Node } i \text{ is observed} \mid \text{node } i \text{ is in cluster } q)$
 - "block-dyad": parameter = $c(p(1,1), \dots, p(Q,Q))$ and $p(q,l) = \text{Prob}(\text{Edge } (i,j) \text{ is observed} \mid \text{node } i \text{ is in cluster } q \text{ and node } j \text{ is in cluster } l)$
 - "degree": parameter = $c(a,b)$ and $\text{logit}(a+b*\text{degree}(i)) = \text{Prob}(\text{Node } i \text{ is observed} \mid \text{Degree}(i))$

Value

Returns an R6 object with class `missSBM_collection`.

See Also

`observeNetwork`, `missSBM_collection` and `missSBM_fit`.

Examples

```
## SBM parameters
N <- 100 # number of nodes
Q <- 3 # number of clusters
pi <- rep(1,Q)/Q # block proportion
theta <- list(mean = diag(.45,Q) + .05 ) # connectivity matrix

## Sampling parameters
samplingParameters <- .75 # the sampling rate
sampling <- "dyad" # the sampling design

## generate a undirected binary SBM with no covariate
sbm <- sbm::sampleSimpleSBM(N, pi, theta)

## Uncomment to set parallel computing with future
## future::plan("multicore", workers = 2)

## Sample some dyads data + Infer SBM with missing data
collection <-
  observeNetwork(sbm$networkData, sampling, samplingParameters) %>%
  estimateMissSBM(vBlocks = 1:5, sampling = sampling)
plot(collection, "monitoring")
plot(collection, "icl")

collection$ICL
```

```

coef(collection$bestModel$fittedSBM, "connectivity")

myModel <- collection$bestModel
plot(myModel, "expected")
plot(myModel, "imputed")
plot(myModel, "meso")
coef(myModel, "sampling")
coef(myModel, "connectivity")
predict(myModel)[1:5, 1:5]

```

fitted.missSBM_fit	<i>Extract model fitted values from object <code>missSBM_fit</code>, return by <code>estimateMissSBM()</code></i>
--------------------	---

Description

Extract model fitted values from object `missSBM_fit`, return by `estimateMissSBM()`

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'missSBM_fit'
fitted(object, ...)

```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	an R6 object with class <code>missSBM_fit</code>
<code>...</code>	additional parameters for S3 compatibility.

Value

A matrix of estimated probabilities of connection

frenchblog2007	<i>Political Blogosphere network prior to 2007 French presidential election</i>
----------------	---

Description

French Political Blogosphere network dataset consists of a single day snapshot of over 200 political blogs automatically extracted the 14 October 2006 and manually classified by the "Observatoire Pr sidentielle" project. Originally part of the 'mixer' package

Usage

```
frenchblog2007
```

Format

An igraph object with 196 nodes. The vertex attribute "party" provides a possible clustering of the nodes.

Source

<https://www.linkfluence.com/>

Examples

```
data(frenchblog2007)
igraph::V(frenchblog2007)$party
igraph::plot.igraph(frenchblog2007,
  vertex.color = factor(igraph::V(frenchblog2007)$party),
  vertex.label = NA
)
```

missSBM

Adjusting Stochastic Block Models under various missing data conditions

Description

The missSBM package provides the following top-level functions:

- `observeNetwork` a function to draw a partially observed network from an existing, fully observed network according to a variety of sampling designs
- `estimateMissSBM` a function to perform inference of SBM from a partially observed under various sampling designs.

Details

These functions lead to the manipulation of a variety of R objects instantiated from some R6 classes, with their respective fields and methods. They are all generated by the top-level functions itemized above, so that the user should generally not use their constructor or internal methods directly. The user should only have a basic understanding of the fields of each object to manipulate the output in R. The main objects are the following:

- `missSBM_fit` an object that puts together an SBM fit and a network sampling fit - the main point of the missSBM package !
- `missSBM_collection` an object to store a collection of `missSBM_fit`, ordered by number of block
- `SimpleSBM_fit_MNAR` an object to define and store an SBM fit with MNAR values
- `SimpleSBM_fit_noCov` an object to define and store an SBM fit without covariate, MAR values
- `SimpleSBM_fit_withCov` an object to define and store an SBM fit with covariates, MAR values

- `networkSampling` an object to define and store a network sampling fit

missSBM extends some functionality of the package `sbm`, by inheriting from classes and methods associated to simple stochastic block models.

Author(s)

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Timothée Tabouy < timothee.tabouy@gmail.com >

References

Pierre Barbillon, Julien Chiquet & Timothée Tabouy (2022) "missSBM: An R Package for Handling Missing Values in the Stochastic Block Model", Journal of Statistical Software, doi: [10.18637/jss.v101.i12](https://doi.org/10.18637/jss.v101.i12)

Timothée Tabouy, Pierre Barbillon & Julien Chiquet (2019) "Variational Inference for Stochastic Block Models from Sampled Data", Journal of the American Statistical Association, doi: [10.1080/01621459.2018.1562934](https://doi.org/10.1080/01621459.2018.1562934)

missSBM_collection *An R6 class to represent a collection of SBM fits with missing data*

Description

The function `estimateMissSBM()` fits a collection of SBM with missing data for a varying number of block. These models with class `missSBM_fit` are stored in an instance of an object with class `missSBM_collection`, described here.

Fields are accessed via active binding and cannot be changed by the user.

This class comes with a set of R6 methods, some of them being useful for the user and exported as S3 methods. See the documentation for `show()` and `print()`

Active bindings

`models` a list of models

`ICL` the vector of Integrated Classification Criterion (ICL) associated to the models in the collection (the smaller, the better)

`bestModel` the best model according to the ICL

`vBlocks` a vector with the number of blocks

`optimizationStatus` a data.frame summarizing the optimization process for all models

Methods

Public methods:

- `missSBM_collection$new()`
- `missSBM_collection$estimate()`
- `missSBM_collection$explore()`
- `missSBM_collection$plot()`
- `missSBM_collection$show()`
- `missSBM_collection$print()`
- `missSBM_collection$clone()`

Method `new()`: constructor for networkSampling

Usage:

```
missSBM_collection$new(partlyObservedNet, sampling, clusterInit, control)
```

Arguments:

`partlyObservedNet` An object with class `partlyObservedNetwork`.

`sampling` The sampling design for the modelling of missing data: MAR designs ("dyad", "node") and MNAR designs ("double-standard", "block-dyad", "block-node", "degree")

`clusterInit` Initial clustering: a list of vectors, each with size `ncol(adjacencyMatrix)`.

`control` a list of parameters controlling advanced features. Only 'trace' and 'useCov' are relevant here. See `estimateMissSBM()` for details.

Method `estimate()`: method to launch the estimation of the collection of models

Usage:

```
missSBM_collection$estimate(control)
```

Arguments:

`control` a list of parameters controlling the variational EM algorithm. See details of function `estimateMissSBM()`

Method `explore()`: method for performing exploration of the ICL

Usage:

```
missSBM_collection$explore(control)
```

Arguments:

`control` a list of parameters controlling the exploration, similar to those found in the regular function `estimateMissSBM()`

Method `plot()`: plot method for missSBM_collection

Usage:

```
missSBM_collection$plot(type = c("icl", "elbo", "monitoring"))
```

Arguments:

`type` the type specifies the field to plot, either "icl", "elbo" or "monitoring". Default is "icl"

Method `show()`: show method for missSBM_collection

Usage:

```
missSBM_collection$show()
```

Method `print()`: User friendly print method

Usage:

```
missSBM_collection$print()
```

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
missSBM_collection$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

Examples

```
## Uncomment to set parallel computing with future
## future::plan("multicore", workers = 2)

## Sample 75% of dyads in French political Blogosphere's network data
adjacencyMatrix <- missSBM::frenchblog2007 %>%
  igraph::delete.vertices(1:100) %>%
  igraph::as_adj () %>%
  missSBM::observeNetwork(sampling = "dyad", parameters = 0.75)
collection <- estimateMissSBM(adjacencyMatrix, 1:5, sampling = "dyad")
class(collection)
```

missSBM_fit

An R6 class to represent an SBM fit with missing data

Description

The function `estimateMissSBM()` fits a collection of SBM for varying number of block. Each fitted SBM is an instance of an R6 object with class `missSBM_fit`, described here.

Fields are accessed via active binding and cannot be changed by the user.

This class comes with a set of R6 methods, some of them being useful for the user and exported as S3 methods. See the documentation for `show()`, `print()`, `fitted()`, `predict()`, `plot()`.

Active bindings

`fittedSBM` the fitted SBM with class `SimpleSBM_fit_noCov`, `SimpleSBM_fit_withCov` or `SimpleSBM_fit_MNAR` inheriting from class `sbm::SimpleSBM_fit`

`fittedSampling` the fitted sampling, inheriting from class `networkSampling` and corresponding fits

`imputedNetwork` The network data as a matrix with NAs values imputed with the current model

`monitoring` a list carrying information about the optimization process

entropyImputed the entropy of the distribution of the imputed dyads
 entropy the entropy due to the distribution of the imputed dyads and of the clustering
 vExpec double: variational expectation of the complete log-likelihood
 penalty double, value of the penalty term in ICL
 loglik double: approximation of the log-likelihood (variational lower bound) reached
 ICL double: value of the integrated classification log-likelihood

Methods

Public methods:

- `missSBM_fit$new()`
- `missSBM_fit$doVEM()`
- `missSBM_fit$show()`
- `missSBM_fit$print()`
- `missSBM_fit$clone()`

Method `new()`: constructor for networkSampling

Usage:

```
missSBM_fit$new(partlyObservedNet, netSampling, clusterInit, useCov = TRUE)
```

Arguments:

`partlyObservedNet` An object with class `partlyObservedNetwork`.

`netSampling` The sampling design for the modelling of missing data: MAR designs ("dyad", "node") and MNAR designs ("double-standard", "block-dyad", "block-node", "degree")

`clusterInit` Initial clustering: a vector with size `ncol(adjacencyMatrix)`, providing a user-defined clustering. The number of blocks is deduced from the number of levels in with `clusterInit`.

`useCov` logical. If covariates are present in `partlyObservedNet`, should they be used for the inference or of the network sampling design, or just for the SBM inference? default is TRUE.

Method `doVEM()`: a method to perform inference of the current missSBM fit with variational EM

Usage:

```
missSBM_fit$doVEM(
  control = list(threshold = 0.01, maxIter = 100, fixPointIter = 3, trace = TRUE)
)
```

Arguments:

`control` a list of parameters controlling the variational EM algorithm. See details of function `estimateMissSBM()`

Method `show()`: show method for missSBM_fit

Usage:

```
missSBM_fit$show()
```

Method `print()`: User friendly print method

Usage:

```
missSBM_fit$print()
```

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
missSBM_fit$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

Examples

```
## Sample 75% of dyads in French political Blogosphere's network data
adjMatrix <- missSBM::frenchblog2007 %>%
  igraph::as_adj (sparse = FALSE) %>%
  missSBM::observeNetwork(sampling = "dyad", parameters = 0.75)
collection <- estimateMissSBM(adjMatrix, 3:5, sampling = "dyad")
my_missSBM_fit <- collection$bestModel
class(my_missSBM_fit)
plot(my_missSBM_fit, "imputed")
```

networkSampler

Definition of R6 Class 'networkSampling_sampler'

Description

Definition of R6 Class 'networkSampling_sampler'

Definition of R6 Class 'networkSampling_sampler'

Details

This class is use to define a sampling model for a network. Inherits from 'networkSampling'. Owns a `rSampling` method which takes an adjacency matrix as an input and send back an object with class `partlyObservedNetwork`.

Super class

`missSBM::networkSampling` -> `networkSampler`

Active bindings

`samplingMatrix` a matrix of logical indicating observed entries

Methods**Public methods:**

- [networkSampler\\$new\(\)](#)
- [networkSampler\\$rSamplingMatrix\(\)](#)
- [networkSampler\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method `new()`: constructor for networkSampling

Usage:

```
networkSampler$new(type = NA, parameters = NA, nbNodes = NA, directed = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`type` character for the type of sampling. must be in ("dyad", "covar-dyad", "node", "covar-node", "block-node", "block-dyad", "double-standard", "degree")

`parameters` the vector of parameters associated to the sampling at play

`nbNodes` number of nodes in the network

`directed` logical, directed network of not

Method `rSamplingMatrix()`: a method for drawing a sampling matrix according to the current sampling design

Usage:

```
networkSampler$rSamplingMatrix()
```

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
networkSampler$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

See Also

[partlyObservedNetwork](#)

networkSampling

Definition of R6 Class 'networkSampling'

Description

Definition of R6 Class 'networkSampling'

Definition of R6 Class 'networkSampling'

Details

this virtual class is the mother of all subtypes of networkSampling (either sampler or fit) It is used to define a sampling model for a network. It has a `rSampling` method which takes an adjacency matrix as an input and send back an object with class `partlyObservedNetwork`.

Active bindings

type a character for the type of sampling

parameters the vector of parameters associated with the sampling at play

df the number of entries in the vector of parameters

Methods**Public methods:**

- `networkSampling$new()`
- `networkSampling$show()`
- `networkSampling$print()`
- `networkSampling$clone()`

Method `new()`: constructor for networkSampling

Usage:

```
networkSampling$new(type = NA, parameters = NA)
```

Arguments:

type character for the type of sampling. must be in ("dyad", "covar-dyad", "node", "covar-node", "block-node", "block-dyad", "double-standard", "degree")

parameters the vector of parameters associated to the sampling at play

Method `show()`: show method

Usage:

```
networkSampling$show(
  type = paste0(private$name, "-model for network sampling\n")
)
```

Arguments:

type character used to specify the type of sampling

Method `print()`: User friendly print method

Usage:

```
networkSampling$print()
```

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
networkSampling$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

networkSamplingDyads_fit

Virtual class used to define a family of networkSamplingDyads_fit

Description

Virtual class used to define a family of networkSamplingDyads_fit

Virtual class used to define a family of networkSamplingDyads_fit

Super class

`missSBM::networkSampling` -> networkSamplingDyads_fit

Active bindings

`penalty` double, value of the penalty term in ICL

`log_lambda` double, term for adjusting the imputation step which depends on the type of sampling

Methods

Public methods:

- `networkSamplingDyads_fit$new()`
- `networkSamplingDyads_fit$show()`
- `networkSamplingDyads_fit$update_parameters()`
- `networkSamplingDyads_fit$update_imputation()`
- `networkSamplingDyads_fit$clone()`

Method `new()`: constructor for networkSampling_fit

Usage:

`networkSamplingDyads_fit$new(partlyObservedNetwork, name)`

Arguments:

`partlyObservedNetwork` a object with class `partlyObservedNetwork` representing the observed data with possibly missing entries

`name` a character for the name of sampling to fit on the `partlyObservedNetwork`

Method `show()`: show method

Usage:

`networkSamplingDyads_fit$show()`

Method `update_parameters()`: a method to update the estimation of the parameters. By default, nothing to do (corresponds to MAR sampling)

Usage:

`networkSamplingDyads_fit$update_parameters(...)`

Arguments:

... use for compatibility

Method `update_imputation()`: a method to update the imputation of the missing entries.

Usage:

```
networkSamplingDyads_fit$update_imputation(nu)
```

Arguments:

`nu` the matrix of (uncorrected) imputation for missing entries

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
networkSamplingDyads_fit$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

networkSamplingNodes_fit

Virtual class used to define a family of networkSamplingNodes_fit

Description

Virtual class used to define a family of networkSamplingNodes_fit

Virtual class used to define a family of networkSamplingNodes_fit

Super class

`missSBM::networkSampling` -> networkSamplingNodes_fit

Active bindings

`penalty` double, value of the penalty term in ICL

`log_lambda` double, term for adjusting the imputation step which depends on the type of sampling

Methods

Public methods:

- `networkSamplingNodes_fit$new()`
- `networkSamplingNodes_fit$show()`
- `networkSamplingNodes_fit$update_parameters()`
- `networkSamplingNodes_fit$update_imputation()`
- `networkSamplingNodes_fit$clone()`

Method `new()`: constructor

Usage:

```
networkSamplingNodes_fit$new(partlyObservedNetwork, name)
```

Arguments:

`partlyObservedNetwork` a object with class `partlyObservedNetwork` representing the observed data with possibly missing entries
`name` a character for the name of sampling to fit on the `partlyObservedNetwork`

Method `show()`: show method

Usage:

```
networkSamplingNodes_fit$show()
```

Method `update_parameters()`: a method to update the estimation of the parameters. By default, nothing to do (corresponds to MAR sampling)

Usage:

```
networkSamplingNodes_fit$update_parameters(...)
```

Arguments:

... use for compatibility

Method `update_imputation()`: a method to update the imputation of the missing entries.

Usage:

```
networkSamplingNodes_fit$update_imputation(nu)
```

Arguments:

`nu` the matrix of (uncorrected) imputation for missing entries

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
networkSamplingNodes_fit$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

nodeSampler

Virtual class for all node-centered samplers

Description

Virtual class for all node-centered samplers

Virtual class for all node-centered samplers

Super classes

`missSBM::networkSampling` -> `missSBM::networkSampler` -> `nodeSampler`

Methods**Public methods:**

- [nodeSampler\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
nodeSampler$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

nodeSampling_fit *Class for fitting a node sampling*

Description

Class for fitting a node sampling

Class for fitting a node sampling

Super classes

[missSBM::networkSampling](#) -> [missSBM::networkSamplingNodes_fit](#) -> nodeSampling_fit

Active bindings

`vExpec` variational expectation of the sampling

Methods**Public methods:**

- [nodeSampling_fit\\$new\(\)](#)
- [nodeSampling_fit\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method `new()`: constructor

Usage:

```
nodeSampling_fit$new(partlyObservedNetwork, ...)
```

Arguments:

`partlyObservedNetwork` a object with class `partlyObservedNetwork` representing the observed data with possibly missing entries

`...` used for compatibility

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
nodeSampling_fit$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

observeNetwork	<i>Observe a network partially according to a given sampling design</i>
----------------	---

Description

This function draws observations in an adjacency matrix according to a given network sampling design.

Usage

```
observeNetwork(
  adjacencyMatrix,
  sampling,
  parameters,
  clusters = NULL,
  covariates = list(),
  similarity = missSBM::l1_similarity,
  intercept = 0
)
```

Arguments

adjacencyMatrix	The N x N adjacency matrix of the network to sample.
sampling	The sampling design used to observe the adjacency matrix, see details.
parameters	The sampling parameters (adapted to each sampling, see details).
clusters	An optional clustering membership vector of the nodes. Only necessary for block samplings.
covariates	An optional list with M entries (the M covariates). If the covariates are node-centered, each entry of covariates must be a size-N vector; if the covariates are dyad-centered, each entry of covariates must be N x N matrix.
similarity	An optional function to compute similarities between node covariates. Default is <code>missSBM::l1_similarity</code> , that is, $-abs(x-y)$. Only relevant when the covariates are node-centered.
intercept	An optional intercept term to be added in case of the presence of covariates. Default is 0.

Details

Internal functions use `future_lapply`, so set your plan to 'multisession' or 'multicore' to use several cores/workers. The list of parameters control tunes more advanced features, such as the initialization, how covariates are handled in the model, and the variational EM algorithm:

- "useCov": logical. If covariates is not null, should they be used for the for the SBM inference (or just for the sampling)? Default is TRUE.

- "clusterInit": Initial method for clustering: either a character ("spectral") or a list with length(vBlocks) vectors, each with size ncol(adjacencyMatrix), providing a user-defined clustering. Default is "spectral".
- "similarity": An $R \times R \rightarrow R$ function to compute similarities between node covariates. Default is `missSBM::l1_similarity`, that is, $-\text{abs}(x-y)$. Only relevant when the covariates are node-centered (i.e. covariates is a list of size-N vectors).
- "threshold": V-EM algorithm stops when an optimization step changes the objective function or the parameters by less than threshold. Default is $1e-2$.
- "maxIter": V-EM algorithm stops when the number of iteration exceeds maxIter. Default is 50.
- "fixPointIter": number of fix-point iterations in the V-E step. Default is 3.
- "exploration": character indicating the kind of exploration used among "forward", "backward", "both" or "none". Default is "both".
- "iterates": integer for the number of iterations during exploration. Only relevant when exploration is different from "none". Default is 1.
- "trace": logical for verbosity. Default is TRUE.

The different sampling designs are split into two families in which we find dyad-centered and node-centered samplings. See doi: [10.1080/01621459.2018.1562934](https://doi.org/10.1080/01621459.2018.1562934) for a complete description.

- Missing at Random (MAR)
 - "dyad": parameter = $p = \text{Prob}(\text{Dyad}(i,j) \text{ is observed})$
 - "node": parameter = $p = \text{Prob}(\text{Node } i \text{ is observed})$
 - "covar-dyad": parameter = β in R^M , such that $\text{Prob}(\text{Dyad}(i,j) \text{ is observed}) = \text{logistic}(\text{parameter}' \text{ covarArray}(i,j, \cdot))$
 - "covar-node": parameter = ν in R^M such that $\text{Prob}(\text{Node } i \text{ is observed}) = \text{logistic}(\text{parameter}' \text{ covarMatrix}(i, \cdot))$
 - "snowball": parameter = number of waves with $\text{Prob}(\text{Node } i \text{ is observed in the 1st wave})$
- Missing Not At Random (MNAR)
 - "double-standard": parameter = (p_0, p_1) with $p_0 = \text{Prob}(\text{Dyad}(i,j) \text{ is observed} \mid \text{the dyad is equal to } 0)$, $p_1 = \text{Prob}(\text{Dyad}(i,j) \text{ is observed} \mid \text{the dyad is equal to } 1)$
 - "block-node": parameter = $c(p(1), \dots, p(Q))$ and $p(q) = \text{Prob}(\text{Node } i \text{ is observed} \mid \text{node } i \text{ is in cluster } q)$
 - "block-dyad": parameter = $c(p(1,1), \dots, p(Q,Q))$ and $p(q,l) = \text{Prob}(\text{Edge}(i,j) \text{ is observed} \mid \text{node } i \text{ is in cluster } q \text{ and node } j \text{ is in cluster } l)$
 - "degree": parameter = $c(a,b)$ and $\text{logit}(a+b \cdot \text{degree}(i)) = \text{Prob}(\text{Node } i \text{ is observed} \mid \text{Degree}(i))$

Value

an adjacency matrix with the same dimension as the input, yet with additional NAs.

Examples

```

## SBM parameters
N <- 300 # number of nodes
Q <- 3 # number of clusters
pi <- rep(1,Q)/Q # block proportion
theta <- list(mean = diag(.45,Q) + .05 ) # connectivity matrix

## simulate an unidirected binary SBM without covariate
sbm <- sbm::sampleSimpleSBM(N, pi, theta)

## Sample network data

# some sampling design and their associated parameters
sampling_parameters <- list(
  "dyad" = .3,
  "node" = .3,
  "double-standard" = c(0.4, 0.8),
  "block-node" = c(.3, .8, .5),
  "block-dyad" = theta$mean,
  "degree" = c(.01, .01),
  "snowball" = c(2,.1)
)

observed_networks <- list()

for (sampling in names(sampling_parameters)) {
  observed_networks[[sampling]] <-
    missSBM::observeNetwork(
      adjacencyMatrix = sbm$networkData,
      sampling = sampling,
      parameters = sampling_parameters[[sampling]],
      cluster = sbm$memberships
    )
}

```

partlyObservedNetwork *An R6 Class used for internal representation of a partially observed network*

Description

An R6 Class used for internal representation of a partially observed network

An R6 Class used for internal representation of a partially observed network

Details

This class is not exported to the user

Active bindings

samplingRate The percentage of observed dyads
 nbNodes The number of nodes
 nbDyads The number of dyads
 is_directed logical indicating if the network is directed or not
 networkData The adjacency matrix of the network
 covarArray the array of covariates
 covarMatrix the matrix of covariates
 samplingMatrix matrix of observed and non-observed edges
 samplingMatrixBar matrix of observed and non-observed edges
 observedNodes a vector of observed and non-observed nodes (observed means at least one non NA value)

Methods**Public methods:**

- [partlyObservedNetwork\\$new\(\)](#)
- [partlyObservedNetwork\\$clustering\(\)](#)
- [partlyObservedNetwork\\$imputation\(\)](#)
- [partlyObservedNetwork\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method new(): constructor

Usage:

```
partlyObservedNetwork$new(
  adjacencyMatrix,
  covariates = list(),
  similarity = missSBM::l1_similarity
)
```

Arguments:

adjacencyMatrix The adjacency matrix of the network
 covariates A list with M entries (the M covariates), each of whom being either a size-N vector or N x N matrix.
 similarity An R x R -> R function to compute similarities between node covariates. Default is l1_similarity, that is, -abs(x-y).

Method clustering(): method to cluster network data with missing value

Usage:

```
partlyObservedNetwork$clustering(
  vBlocks,
  imputation = ifelse(is.null(private$phi), "median", "average")
)
```

Arguments:

vBlocks The vector of number of blocks considered in the collection.

imputation character indicating the type of imputation among "median", "average"

Method `imputation()`: basic imputation from existing clustering

Usage:

```
partlyObservedNetwork$imputation(type = c("median", "average", "zero"))
```

Arguments:

type a character, the type of imputation. Either "median" or "average"

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
partlyObservedNetwork$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

plot.missSBM_fit

Visualization for an object [missSBM_fit](#)

Description

Plot function for the various fields of a [missSBM_fit](#): the fitted SBM (network or connectivity), and a plot monitoring the optimization.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'missSBM_fit'
plot(
  x,
  type = c("imputed", "expected", "meso", "monitoring"),
  dimLabels = list(row = "node", col = "node"),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

x	an object with class missSBM_fit
type	the type specifies the field to plot, either "imputed", "expected", "meso", or "monitoring"
dimLabels	: a list of two characters specifying the labels of the nodes. Default to <code>list(row = 'node', col = 'node')</code>
...	additional parameters for S3 compatibility. Not used

Value

a ggplot object

predicted.missSBM_fit *Prediction of a [missSBM_fit](#) (i.e. network with imputed missing dyads)*

Description

Prediction of a [missSBM_fit](#) (i.e. network with imputed missing dyads)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'missSBM_fit'
predict(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object an R6 object with class [missSBM_fit](#)
 ... additional parameters for S3 compatibility.

Value

an adjacency matrix between pairs of nodes. Missing dyads are imputed with their expected values, i.e. by their estimated probabilities of connection under the missing SBM.

simpleDyadSampler *Class for defining a simple dyad sampler*

Description

Class for defining a simple dyad sampler

Class for defining a simple dyad sampler

Super classes

[missSBM::networkSampling](#) -> [missSBM::networkSampler](#) -> [missSBM::dyadSampler](#) -> simpleDyadSampler

Methods

Public methods:

- [simpleDyadSampler\\$new\(\)](#)
- [simpleDyadSampler\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method [new\(\)](#): constructor for networkSampling

Usage:

```
simpleDyadSampler$new(
  parameters = NA,
  nbNodes = NA,
  directed = FALSE,
  covarArray = NULL,
  intercept = 0
)
```

Arguments:

parameters the vector of parameters associated to the sampling at play

nbNodes number of nodes in the network

directed logical, directed network of not

covarArray an array of covariates used

intercept double, intercept term used to compute the probability of sampling in the presence of covariates. Default 0.

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
simpleDyadSampler$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

simpleNodeSampler *Class for defining a simple node sampler*

Description

Class for defining a simple node sampler

Class for defining a simple node sampler

Super classes

[missSBM::networkSampling](#) -> [missSBM::networkSampler](#) -> [missSBM::nodeSampler](#) -> simpleNodeSampler

Methods**Public methods:**

- [simpleNodeSampler\\$new\(\)](#)
- [simpleNodeSampler\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method new(): constructor for networkSampling

Usage:

```
simpleNodeSampler$new(
  parameters = NA,
  nbNodes = NA,
  directed = FALSE,
  covarMatrix = NULL,
  intercept = 0
)
```

Arguments:

parameters the vector of parameters associated to the sampling at play
 nbNodes number of nodes in the network
 directed logical, directed network of not
 covarMatrix a matrix of covariates used
 intercept double, intercept term used to compute the probability of sampling in the presence of covariates. Default 0.

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
simpleNodeSampler$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

SimpleSBM_fit

This internal class is designed to adjust a binary Stochastic Block Model in the context of missSBM.

Description

This internal class is designed to adjust a binary Stochastic Block Model in the context of missSBM.
 This internal class is designed to adjust a binary Stochastic Block Model in the context of missSBM.

Details

It is not designed not be call by the user

Super classes

```
sbm::SBM -> sbm::SimpleSBM -> SimpleSBM_fit
```

Active bindings

type the type of SBM (distribution of edges values, network type, presence of covariates)
 penalty double, value of the penalty term in ICL
 entropy double, value of the entropy due to the clustering distribution
 loglik double: approximation of the log-likelihood (variational lower bound) reached
 ICL double: value of the integrated classification log-likelihood

Methods**Public methods:**

- `SimpleSBM_fit$new()`
- `SimpleSBM_fit$doVEM()`
- `SimpleSBM_fit$reorder()`
- `SimpleSBM_fit$clone()`

Method `new()`: constructor for `simpleSBM_fit` for `missSBM` purpose

Usage:

```
SimpleSBM_fit$new(networkData, clusterInit, covarList = list())
```

Arguments:

`networkData` a structure to store network under missing data condition: either a matrix possibly with NA, or a `missSBM::partlyObservedNetwork`

`clusterInit` Initial clustering: a vector with size `ncol(adjacencyMatrix)`, providing a user-defined clustering with `nbBlocks` levels.

`covarList` An optional list with `M` entries (the `M` covariates).

Method `doVEM()`: method to perform estimation via variational EM

Usage:

```
SimpleSBM_fit$doVEM(
  threshold = 0.01,
  maxIter = 100,
  fixPointIter = 3,
  trace = FALSE
)
```

Arguments:

`threshold` stop when an optimization step changes the objective function by less than `threshold`. Default is `1e-4`.

`maxIter` V-EM algorithm stops when the number of iteration exceeds `maxIter`. Default is 10

`fixPointIter` number of fix-point iterations in the Variational E step. Default is 5.

`trace` logical for verbosity. Default is `FALSE`.

Method `reorder()`: permute group labels by order of decreasing probability

Usage:

```
SimpleSBM_fit$reorder()
```

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
SimpleSBM_fit$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

SimpleSBM_fit_MNAR *This internal class is designed to adjust a binary Stochastic Block Model in the context of missSBM.*

Description

This internal class is designed to adjust a binary Stochastic Block Model in the context of missSBM.
 This internal class is designed to adjust a binary Stochastic Block Model in the context of missSBM.

Details

It is not designed not be call by the user

Super classes

```
sbm::SBM -> sbm::SimpleSBM -> missSBM::SimpleSBM_fit -> missSBM::SimpleSBM_fit_noCov
-> SimpleSBM_MNAR_noCov
```

Active bindings

imputation the matrix of imputed values

vExpec double: variational approximation of the expectation complete log-likelihood

Methods

Public methods:

- `SimpleSBM_fit_MNAR$new()`
- `SimpleSBM_fit_MNAR$update_parameters()`
- `SimpleSBM_fit_MNAR$update_blocks()`
- `SimpleSBM_fit_MNAR$clone()`

Method `new()`: constructor for simpleSBM_fit for missSBM purpose

Usage:

```
SimpleSBM_fit_MNAR$new(networkData, clusterInit)
```

Arguments:

`networkData` a structure to store network under missing data condition: either a matrix possibly with NA, or a `missSBM::partlyObservedNetwork`
`clusterInit` Initial clustering: a vector with size `ncol(adjacencyMatrix)`, providing a user-defined clustering with `nbBlocks` levels.

Method `update_parameters()`: update parameters estimation (M-step)

Usage:

```
SimpleSBM_fit_MNAR$update_parameters(nu = NULL)
```

Arguments:

nu currently imputed values

Method update_blocks(): update variational estimation of blocks (VE-step)

Usage:

```
SimpleSBM_fit_MNAR$update_blocks(log_lambda = 0)
```

Arguments:

log_lambda additional term sampling dependent used to de-bias estimation of tau

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
SimpleSBM_fit_MNAR$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

SimpleSBM_fit_noCov *This internal class is designed to adjust a binary Stochastic Block Model in the context of missSBM.*

Description

This internal class is designed to adjust a binary Stochastic Block Model in the context of missSBM.

This internal class is designed to adjust a binary Stochastic Block Model in the context of missSBM.

Details

It is not designed not be call by the user

Super classes

```
sbm::SBM -> sbm::SimpleSBM -> missSBM::SimpleSBM_fit -> SimpleSBM_fit_noCov
```

Active bindings

imputation the matrix of imputed values

vExpec double: variational approximation of the expectation complete log-likelihood

vExpec_corrected double: variational approximation of the expectation complete log-likelihood with correction to be comparable with MNAR criteria

Methods

Public methods:

- `SimpleSBM_fit_noCov$update_parameters()`
- `SimpleSBM_fit_noCov$update_blocks()`
- `SimpleSBM_fit_noCov$clone()`

Method `update_parameters()`: update parameters estimation (M-step)

Usage:

`SimpleSBM_fit_noCov$update_parameters(...)`

Arguments:

... additional arguments, only required for MNAR cases

Method `update_blocks()`: update variational estimation of blocks (VE-step)

Usage:

`SimpleSBM_fit_noCov$update_blocks(...)`

Arguments:

... additional arguments, only required for MNAR cases

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

`SimpleSBM_fit_noCov$clone(deep = FALSE)`

Arguments:

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

`SimpleSBM_fit_withCov` *This internal class is designed to adjust a binary Stochastic Block Model in the context of missSBM.*

Description

This internal class is designed to adjust a binary Stochastic Block Model in the context of missSBM.

This internal class is designed to adjust a binary Stochastic Block Model in the context of missSBM.

Details

It is not designed not be call by the user

Super classes

`sbm::SBM` -> `sbm::SimpleSBM` -> `missSBM::SimpleSBM_fit` -> `SimpleSBM_fit_withCov`

Active bindings

imputation the matrix of imputed values

vExpec double: variational approximation of the expectation complete log-likelihood

vExpec_corrected double: variational approximation of the expectation complete log-likelihood with correction to be comparable with MNAR criteria

Methods**Public methods:**

- [SimpleSBM_fit_withCov\\$update_parameters\(\)](#)
- [SimpleSBM_fit_withCov\\$update_blocks\(\)](#)
- [SimpleSBM_fit_withCov\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method `update_parameters()`: update parameters estimation (M-step)

Usage:

`SimpleSBM_fit_withCov$update_parameters(...)`

Arguments:

... use for compatibility

control a list to tune nlopt for optimization, see documentation of nloptr

Method `update_blocks()`: update variational estimation of blocks (VE-step)

Usage:

`SimpleSBM_fit_withCov$update_blocks(...)`

Arguments:

... use for compatibility

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

`SimpleSBM_fit_withCov$clone(deep = FALSE)`

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

snowballSampler

Class for defining a snowball sampler

Description

Class for defining a snowball sampler

Class for defining a snowball sampler

Super classes

[missSBM::networkSampling](#) -> [missSBM::networkSampler](#) -> [missSBM::nodeSampler](#) -> snowballSampler

Methods

Public methods:

- [snowballSampler\\$new\(\)](#)
- [snowballSampler\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method `new()`: constructor for `networkSampling`

Usage:

```
snowballSampler$new(parameters = NA, adjacencyMatrix = NA, directed = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`parameters` the vector of parameters associated to the sampling at play

`adjacencyMatrix` the adjacency matrix of the network

`directed` logical, directed network of not

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
snowballSampler$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

summary.missSBM_fit *Summary method for a missSBM_fit*

Description

Summary method for a [missSBM_fit](#)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'missSBM_fit'  
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

`object` an R6 object with class [missSBM_fit](#)

`...` additional parameters for S3 compatibility.

Value

a basic printing output

war

War data set

Description

This dataset contains two networks where the nodes are countries and an edge in network "belligerent" means that the two countries have been at least once at war between years 1816 to 2007 while an edge in network "alliance" means that the two countries have had a formal alliance between years 1816 to 2012. The network `belligerent` have less nodes since countries which have not been at war are not considered.

Usage

`war`

Format

A list with 2 two igraph objects, `alliance` and `belligerent`. Each graph have three attributes: 'name' (the country name), 'power' (a score related to military power: the higher, the better) and 'trade' (a score related to the trade effort between pairs of countries).

Source

networks were extracted from <https://www.correlatesofwar.org/>

References

Sarkees, Meredith Reid and Frank Wayman (2010). *Resort to War: 1816 - 2007*. Washington DC: CQ Press.

Gibler, Douglas M. 2009. *International military alliances, 1648-2008*. CQ Press

Examples

```
data(war)
class(war$belligerent)
igraph::gorder(war$alliance)
igraph::gorder(war$belligerent)
igraph::edges(war$alliance)
igraph::get.graph.attribute(war$alliance)
```

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