Network Working Group Request for Comments: 2494 Category: Standards Track D. Fowler, Editor Newbridge Networks January 1999

Definitions of Managed Objects for the DSO and DSO Bundle Interface Type

Status of this Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes objects used for managing DSO and DSO Bundle interfaces. This document is a companion document with Definitions of Managed Objects for the DS1/E1/DS2/E2 (RFC 2495 [17]), DS3/E3 (RFC 2496 [18]), and the work in progress, SONET/SDH Interface Types.

This memo specifies a MIB module in a manner that is both compliant to the SNMPv2 SMI, and semantically identical to the peer SNMPv1 definitions.

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1. The SNMP Management Framework

The SNMP Management Framework presently consists of five major components:

- An overall architecture, described in RFC 2271 [1].
- Mechanisms for describing and naming objects and events for the purpose of management. The first version of this Structure of Management Information (SMI) is called SMIv1 and described in STD 16, RFC 1155 [2], STD 16, RFC 1212 [3] and RFC 1215 [4]. The second version, called SMIv2, is described in RFC 1902 [5], RFC 1903 [6] and RFC 1904 [7].
- Message protocols for transferring management information. The first version of the SNMP message protocol is called SNMPv1 and described in STD 15, RFC 1157 [8]. A second version of the SNMP message protocol, which is not an Internet standards track protocol, is called SNMPv2c and described in RFC 1901 [9] and RFC 1906 [10]. The third version of the message protocol is called SNMPv3 and described in RFC 1906 [10], RFC 2272 [11] and RFC 2274 [12].
- Protocol operations for accessing management information. The first set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in STD 15, RFC 1157 [8]. A second set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in RFC 1905 [13].
- A set of fundamental applications described in RFC 2273 [14] and the view-based access control mechanism described in RFC 2275 [15]. Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the SMI.

Fowler, Ed. Standards Track [Page 2] This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2. A MIB conforming to the SMIv1 can be produced through the appropriate translations. The resulting translated MIB must be semantically equivalent, except where objects or events are omitted because no translation is possible (use of Counter64). Some machine readable information in SMIv2 will be converted into textual descriptions in SMIv1 during the translation process. However, this loss of machine readable information is not considered to change the semantics of the MIB.

2. Overview

These objects are used when the particular media being used to realize an interface is a DSO interface. At present, this applies to these values of the ifType variable in the Internet-standard MIB:

ds0 (81) ds0Bundle (82)

2.1. BONDing Terminology

Please reference The BONDing Spec [20] for definitions of terms used to describe bonding modes.

2.2. Use of ifTable for DSO Layer

The following items are defined in RFC 2233 [16].

Only the ifGeneralInformationGroup and ifCounterDiscontinuityGroup need to be supported.

 ifTable Object	Use for DSO Layer
 ifIndex	Interface index.
ifDescr	See interfaces MIB [16].
ifType	ds0(81) or ds0Bundle(82).
ifSpeed	64000 for ds0 (regardless of the setting of robbed bit signalling) or N*64000 for ds0Bundle.
ifPhysAddress	The value of the Circuit Identifier. If no Circuit Identifier has been assigned this object should have an octet string with zero length.

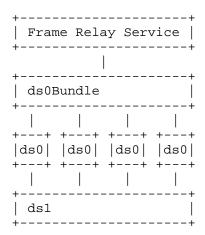
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ifAdminStatus	See interfaces MIB [16].
ifOperStatus	See interfaces MIB [16].
ifLastChange	See interfaces MIB [16].
ifName	See interfaces MIB [16].
ifLinkUpDownTrapEnable	Set to disabled(2). Supports read-only access.
ifHighSpeed	Set to rounded ifSpeed/1000000.
ifConnectorPresent	Set to false(2).

2.3. Using ifStackTable

This section describes by example how to use ifStackTable to represent the relationship of ds0 and ds0Bundles with ds1 interfaces. Implementors of the stack table for ds0 and ds0Bundle interfaces should look at the appropriate RFC for the service being stacked on ds0s and ds0Bundles. Examples given below are for illustration purposes only.

Example: A Frame Relay Service is being carried on 4 ds0s of a ds1.



The assignment of the index values could for example be:

ifIndex	Description		
1	FrameRelayService	(type	44)
2	ds0Bundle	(type	82)
3	ds0 #1	(type	81)

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4	ds0	#2	(type	81)
5	ds0	#3	(type	81)
6	ds0	#4	(type	81)
7	ds1		(type	18)

The ifStackTable is then used to show the relationships between the various interfaces.

ifStackTable Entries

HigherLayer	LowerLayer
0	1
1	2
2	3
2	4
2	5
2	6
3	7
4	7
5	7
6	7
7	0

In the case where the frameRelayService is using a single ds0, then the ds0Bundle is not required.

+	+
Frame Relay Service	İ
 + ds0 +	_
+	+
ds1	

The assignment of the index values could for example be:

ifIndex	Description		
1	FrameRelayService	(type	44)
2	ds0	(type	81)
3	ds1	(type	18)

The ifStackTable is then used to show the relationships between the various interfaces.

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ifStackTable Entries

HigherLayer	LowerLayer
0	1
1	2
2	3
3	0

2.3.1. Usage of Channelization for DS3, DS1, DS0

An example is given here to explain the channelization objects in the DS3, DS1, and DS0 MIBs to help the implementor use the objects correctly. Treatment of E3 and E1 would be similar, with the number of DS0s being different depending on the framing of the E1. Timeslot 16 is not created for framing types that do not pass data over it.

Assume that a DS3 (with ifIndex 1) is channelized into DS1s (without DS2s). The object dsx3Channelization is set to enabledDs1. There will be 28 DS1s in the ifTable. Assume the entries in the ifTable for the DS1s are created in channel order and the ifIndex values are 2 through 29. In the DS1 MIB, there will be an entry in the dsx1ChanMappingTable for each ds1. The entries will be as follows:

dsx1ChanMappingTable Entries

ifIndex	dsx1Ds1ChannelNumber	dsx1ChanMappedIfIndex
1	1	2
1	2	3
1	28	29

In addition, the DS1s are channelized into DS0s. The object dsx1Channelization is set to enabledDs0 for each DS1. When this object is set to this value, 24 DSOs are created by the agent. There will be 24 DSOs in the ifTable for each DS1. If the dsx1Channelization is set to disabled, the 24 DS0s are destroyed.

Assume the entries in the ifTable are created in channel order and the ifIndex values for the DSOs in the first DS1 are 30 through 53. In the DSO MIB, there will be an entry in the dsxOChanMappingTable for each DSO. The entries will be as follows:

dsx0ChanMappingTable Entries

ifIndex	dsx0Ds0ChannelNumber	dsx0ChanMappedIfIndex
2	1	30
2	2	31
2	24	53

2.3.2. Usage of ifIndex Mapping for DS0Bundle

An example is given here to explain the ifIndex mapping objects in the DSOBundle MIB to help the implementor use the objects correctly.

Assume that a DS1 (with ifIndex 1) is channelized into DS0s. There will be 24 DSOs in the ifTable. Assume the entries in the ifTable for the DSOs are created in channel order and the ifIndex values are 2 through 25. Now, assume that there are two bundles on the DS1. The first one uses channels 1 and 2. The second uses channels 3 and 4. There will be two if Table entries for these bundles, with values of 26 and 27 for ifIndex. There will be an entry in the dsx0BundleTable for each bundle. The entries will be as follows:

dsx0BundleTable Entries

dsx0BundleIndex	dsx0BundleIfIndex
1	26
2	27

There will be an entry in the dsx0ConfigTable for each DS0. The entries will be as follows:

dsx0ConfigTable Entries

ifIndex	dsx0Ds0ChannelNumber	dsx0Ds0BundleMappedIfIndex
2	1	26
3	2	26
4	3	27
5	4	27
6	5	0
7	6	0
25	24	0

3. Overview of the MIB

This document contains 2 MIB modules, the DS0 MIB and the DS0Bundle MIB.

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3.1. DS0 MIB

The DSO MIB is used to represent individual DSOs in a DS1 or E1. Variables in this MIB would be created for each DS0 in the ifTable. This MIB contains the following group:

The DSO Config Group - This group contains configuration information about a particular DS0.

3.2. DS0Bundle MIB

The DS0Bundle MIB is used to represent collections of DS0s that are used together to carry data within a DS1/E1 at speeds greater than that of a single DSO. DSOBundles are created on top of DSOs and are represented that way in the ifStackTable. This MIB contains the following groups:

The DS0 Bundle Group - This group contains objects used for creating new ds0Bundles. This group is mandatory.

The DSO Bonding Group - This group contains information about bonding for a ds0Bundle, if bonding is enabled. This group is optional.

4. Object Definitions for DS0

DS0-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS

MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, transmission FROM SNMPv2-SMI MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP FROM SNMPv2-CONF DisplayString, TruthValue FROM SNMPv2-TC ifIndex, InterfaceIndex, InterfaceIndexOrZero FROM IF-MIB;

-- This is the MIB module for the DSO Interface objects.

ds0 MODULE-IDENTITY

LAST-UPDATED "9807161630Z" ORGANIZATION "IETF Trunk MIB Working Group" CONTACT-INFO

David Fowler

Postal: Newbridge Networks Corporation 600 March Road Kanata, Ontario, Canada K2K 2E6

Tel: +1 613 591 3600

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Fax: +1 613 599 3619
```

```
E-mail: davef@newbridge.com"
    DESCRIPTION
          "The MIB module to describe
          DS0 interfaces objects."
    REVISION "9805242010Z"
    DESCRIPTION
         "Initial version of the DSO-MIB."
    ::= { transmission 81 }
-- The DSO Config Group
-- Implementation of this group is mandatory for all
-- systems that use a DSO Interface.
-- The DSO Config Group consists of two tables:
-- DSO Configuration Table
     DS0 Channel Mapping Table
-- The DSO Configuration Table
dsx0ConfigTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dsx0ConfigEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
             "The DSO Configuration table."
    ::= { ds0 1 }
dsx0ConfigEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Dsx0ConfigEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry in the DSO Configuration table. There
            is an entry in this table for each DSO interface."
    INDEX { ifIndex }
    ::= { dsx0ConfigTable 1 }
Dsx0ConfigEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        dsx0Ds0ChannelNumber INTEGER,
dsx0RobbedBitSignalling TruthValue,
dsx0CircuitIdentifier DisplayString,
dsx0IdleCode INTEGER,
        dsx0SeizedCode
                                     INTEGER,
```

```
dsx0ReceivedCode
                                   INTEGER,
       dsx0TransmitCodesEnable TruthValue,
       dsx0Ds0BundleMappedIfIndex InterfaceIndex0rZero
}
dsx0Ds0ChannelNumber OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER(0..31)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "This object indicates the channel number of the
           ds0 on its DS1/E1."
    ::= { dsx0ConfigEntry 1 }
dsx0RobbedBitSignalling OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TruthValue
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "This object indicates if Robbed Bit Signalling is
           turned on or off for a given ds0. This only
           applies to DSOs on a DS1 link. For E1 links the
           value is always off (false)."
    ::= { dsx0ConfigEntry 2 }
dsx0CircuitIdentifier OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE (0..255))
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "This object contains the transmission vendor's
           circuit identifier, for the purpose of
           facilitating troubleshooting."
    ::= { dsx0ConfigEntry 3 }
dsx0IdleCode OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER(0..15)
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "This object contains the code transmitted in the
           ABCD bits when the ds0 is not connected and
           dsx0TransmitCodesEnable is enabled. The object is
           a bitmap and the various bit positions are:
                 1
                      D bit
                 2
                     C bit
                     B bit
                 4
                 8
                     A bit"
```

```
::= { dsx0ConfigEntry 4 }
dsx0SeizedCode OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER(0..15)
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "This object contains the code transmitted in the
           ABCD bits when the ds0 is connected and
           dsx0TransmitCodesEnable is enabled. The object is
           a bitmap and the various bit positions are:
                      D bit
                 1
                       C bit
                 2
                      B bit
                 4
                 8
                       A bit"
    ::= { dsx0ConfigEntry 5 }
dsx0ReceivedCode OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER(0..15)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "This object contains the code being received in
           the ABCD bits. The object is a bitmap and the
           various bit positions are:
                 1 D bit
                 2
                       C bit
                     B bit
                 4
                 8
                      A bit"
    ::= { dsx0ConfigEntry 6 }
dsx0TransmitCodesEnable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "This object determines if the idle and seized
           codes are transmitted. If the value of this object
           is true then the codes are transmitted."
    ::= { dsx0ConfigEntry 7 }
dsx0Ds0BundleMappedIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX InterfaceIndexOrZero
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "This object indicates the ifIndex value assigned
           by the agent for the ds0Bundle(82) ifEntry to
```

which the given ds0(81) if Entry may belong.

If the given ds0(81) if Entry does not belong to any ds0Bundle(82) if Entry, then this object has a value of zero.

While this object provides information that can also be found in the ifStackTable, it provides this same information with a single table lookup, rather than by walking the ifStackTable to find the possibly non-existent ds0Bundle(82) ifEntry that may be stacked above the given ds0(81) ifTable entry."

::= { dsx0ConfigEntry 8 }

-- The DSO Channel Mapping Table

dsx0ChanMappingTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dsx0ChanMappingEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The DSO Channel Mapping table. This table maps a DSO channel number on a particular DS1/E1 into an ifIndex."

 $::= \{ ds0 3 \}$

dsx0ChanMappingEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Dsx0ChanMappingEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An entry in the DSO Channel Mapping table. There is an entry in this table corresponding to each dsO ifEntry within any interface that is channelized to the individual dsO ifEntry level.

This table is intended to facilitate mapping from channelized interface / channel number to DSO ifEntry. (e.g. mapping (DS1 ifIndex, DS0 Channel Number) -> ifIndex)

While this table provides information that can also be found in the ifStackTable and dsx0ConfigTable, it provides this same information with a single table lookup, rather than by walking the ifStackTable to find the various constituent ds0 ifTable entries, and testing various

```
dsx0ConfigTable entries to check for the entry
            with the applicable DSO channel number."
     INDEX { ifIndex, dsx0Ds0ChannelNumber }
     ::= { dsx0ChanMappingTable 1 }
Dsx0ChanMappingEntry ::=
     SEQUENCE {
         dsx0ChanMappedIfIndex InterfaceIndex
}
dsx0ChanMappedIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
     STATUS current
     DESCRIPTION
            "This object indicates the if Index value assigned
           by the agent for the individual ds0 if Entry that
            corresponds to the given DSO channel number
            (specified by the INDEX element
            dsx0Ds0ChannelNumber) of the given channelized
            interface (specified by INDEX element ifIndex)."
     ::= { dsx0ChanMappingEntry 1 }
-- conformance information
ds0Conformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ds0 2 }
ds0Groups OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= \{ ds0Conformance 1 \}
ds0Compliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ds0Conformance 2 }
-- compliance statements
ds0Compliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The compliance statement for DSO interfaces."
    MODULE -- this module
       MANDATORY-GROUPS { ds0ConfigGroup }
        OBJECT dsx0RobbedBitSignalling
        MIN-ACCESS read-only
        DESCRIPTION
            "The ability to set RBS is not required."
        OBJECT dsx0CircuitIdentifier
        MIN-ACCESS read-only
        DESCRIPTION
```

```
"The ability to set the circuit identifier is not
            required."
        OBJECT dsx0IdleCode
        MIN-ACCESS read-only
        DESCRIPTION
            "The ability to set the idle code is not
            required."
        OBJECT dsx0SeizedCode
        MIN-ACCESS read-only
        DESCRIPTION
            "The ability to set the seized code is not
            required."
        OBJECT dsx0TransmitCodesEnable
        MIN-ACCESS read-only
        DESCRIPTION
            "The ability to enable and disable the
            transmitting of idle and seized codes is not
            required."
    ::= { ds0Compliances 1 }
-- units of conformance
ds0ConfigGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { dsx0Ds0ChannelNumber,
              dsx0RobbedBitSignalling,
              dsx0CircuitIdentifier,
              dsx0IdleCode,
              dsx0SeizedCode,
              dsx0ReceivedCode,
              dsx0TransmitCodesEnable,
              dsx0Ds0BundleMappedIfIndex,
             dsx0ChanMappedIfIndex }
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing configuration
            information applicable to all DSO interfaces."
    ::= { ds0Groups 1 }
END
```

```
5. Object Definitions for DSO Bundle
  DS0BUNDLE-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
  IMPORTS
       MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE,
                                        FROM SNMPv2-SMI
       transmission
       MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP FROM SNMPv2-CONF
       DisplayString, RowStatus,
       TestAndIncr
                                       FROM SNMPv2-TC
       ifIndex, InterfaceIndex
                                       FROM IF-MIB;
  -- This is the MIB module for the DS0Bundle Interface
  -- objects.
  ds0Bundle MODULE-IDENTITY
      LAST-UPDATED "9807161630Z"
      ORGANIZATION "IETF Trunk MIB Working Group"
      CONTACT-INFO
                David Fowler
         Postal: Newbridge Networks Corporation
                 600 March Road
                 Kanata, Ontario, Canada K2K 2E6
                 Tel: +1 613 591 3600
                 Fax: +1 613 599 3619
         E-mail: davef@newbridge.com"
      DESCRIPTION
           "The MIB module to describe
            DS0 Bundle interfaces objects."
      REVISION "9805242010Z"
      DESCRIPTION
           "Initial version of the DSOBUNDLE-MIB."
       ::= { transmission 82 }
  -- The DSO Bundle Config Group
  -- Implementation of this group is mandatory for all
  -- systems that use a DSOBundle Interface.
  ___
  -- The DSO Bundle Config Group consists of one table:
  -- DS0 Bundle Table
```

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-- The DS0 Bundle Table

```
dsx0BundleNextIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX TestAndIncr
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This object is used to assist the manager in
            selecting a value for dsx0BundleIndex. Because
           this object is of syntax TestAndIncr (see the
            SNMPv2-TC document, RFC 1903) it can also be used
            to avoid race conditions with multiple managers
            trying to create rows in the table.
            If the result of the SET for dsx0BundleNextIndex
            is not success, this means the value has been
            changed from index (i.e. another manager used the
            value), so a new value is required.
           The algorithm is:
           done = false
            while done == false
                index = GET (dsx0BundleNextIndex.0)
                SET (dsx0BundleNextIndex.0=index)
                if (set failed)
                  done = false
                else
                  SET(dsx0BundleRowStatus.index=createAndGo)
                  if (set failed)
                   done = false
                  else
                   done = true
                   other error handling"
    ::= { ds0Bundle 2 }
dsx0BundleTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dsx0BundleEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "There is an row in this table for each ds0Bundle
            in the system. This table can be used to
            (indirectly) create rows in the ifTable with
            ifType = 'ds0Bundle(82)'."
    ::= { ds0Bundle 3 }
dsx0BundleEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Dsx0BundleEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
```

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```
DESCRIPTION
           "There is a row in entry in this table for each
           ds0Bundle interface."
   INDEX { dsx0BundleIndex }
    ::= { dsx0BundleTable 1 }
Dsx0BundleEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
       dsx0BundleCircuitIdentifier DisplayString,
       dsx0BundleRowStatus
                                  RowStatus
}
dsx0BundleIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (0..2147483647)
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A unique identifier for a ds0Bundle. This is not
           the same value as ifIndex. This table is not
           indexed by if Index because the manager has to
           choose the index in a createable row and the agent
           must be allowed to select if Index values."
    ::= { dsx0BundleEntry 1 }
dsx0BundleIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX InterfaceIndex
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The ifIndex value the agent selected for the
           (new) ds0Bundle interface."
    ::= { dsx0BundleEntry 2 }
dsx0BundleCircuitIdentifier OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE (0..255))
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "This variable contains the transmission vendor's
           circuit identifier, for the purpose of
           facilitating troubleshooting."
     ::= { dsx0BundleEntry 3 }
dsx0BundleRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
```

```
STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "This object is used to create and delete rows in
           this table."
    ::= { dsx0BundleEntry 4 }
-- The DSO Bonding Group
-- Implementation of this group is optional for all
-- systems that use a DSOBundle Interface.
-- The DSO Bonding Group consists of one table:
-- DS0 Bonding Table
-- The DSO Bonding Table
dsx0BondingTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF Dsx0BondingEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The DS0 Bonding table."
    ::= { ds0Bundle 1 }
dsx0BondingEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Dsx0BondingEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "An entry in the DSO Bonding table. There is a
           row in this table for each DSOBundle interface."
    INDEX { ifIndex }
    ::= { dsx0BondingTable 1 }
Dsx0BondingEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
      }
dsx0BondMode OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
               none(1),
               other(2),
               mode0(3),
               model(4),
               mode2(5),
```

```
mode3(6)
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This object indicates which BONDing mode is used,
            if any, for a ds0Bundle. Mode0 provides parameter
            and number exchange with no synchronization. Mode
            1 provides parameter and number exchange. Mode 1
            also provides synchronization during
            initialization but does not include inband
            monitoring. Mode 2 provides all of the above plus
            inband monitoring. Mode 2 also steals 1/64th of
            the bandwidth of each channel (thus not supporting
            n x 56/64 kbit/s data channels for most values of
           n). Mode 3 provides all of the above, but also
           provides n x 56/64 kbit/s data channels. Most
            common implementations of Mode 3 add an extra
            channel to support the inband monitoring overhead.
            ModeNone should be used when the interface is not
            performing bandwidth-on-demand."
    ::= { dsx0BondingEntry 1 }
dsx0BondStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
                idle(1),
                callSetup(2),
               dataTransfer(3)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This object indicates the current status of the
           bonding call using this dsOBundle. idle(1) should
           be used when the bonding mode is set to none(1)."
    ::= { dsx0BondingEntry 2 }
dsx0BondRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "This object is used to create new rows in this
            table, modify existing rows, and to delete
           existing rows."
    ::= { dsx0BondingEntry 3 }
```

```
-- conformance information
ds0BundleConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ds0Bundle 4 }
ds0BundleGroups
                    OBJECT IDENTIFIER
    ::= { ds0BundleConformance 1 }
ds0BundleCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER
    ::= { ds0BundleConformance 2 }
-- compliance statements
ds0BundleCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "The compliance statement for DS0Bundle
           interfaces."
   MODULE -- this module
       MANDATORY-GROUPS {ds0BundleConfigGroup }
       GROUP
                   ds0BondingGroup
       DESCRIPTION
            "Implementation of this group is optional for all
            systems that attach to a DSOBundle Interface."
                   dsx0BundleRowStatus
       OBJECT
       SYNTAX
                   INTEGER {
                        active(1),
                        createAndGo(4),
                        destroy(6)
       MIN-ACCESS read-only
       DESCRIPTION
            "The agent is not required to support a SET
            operation to this object, and only three of the
            six enumerated values for the RowStatus textual
            convention need be supported. Only supporting
            createAndGo for a creation process prevents the
            manager from creating an inactive row in the
            ds0BundleTable. Inactive rows in the
            ds0BundleTable do not make sense."
                   dsx0BundleCircuitIdentifier
       MIN-ACCESS read-only
       DESCRIPTION
            "The agent is not required to support a SET
```

```
operation to this object."
                ::= { ds0BundleCompliances 1 }
            -- units of conformance
            ds0BondingGroup OBJECT-GROUP
                OBJECTS { dsx0BondMode,
                          dsx0BondStatus,
                          dsx0BondRowStatus }
                STATUS current
                DESCRIPTION
                        "A collection of objects providing
                        configuration information applicable
                        to all DSO interfaces."
    ::= { ds0BundleGroups 1 }
ds0BundleConfigGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS { dsx0BundleNextIndex,
              dsx0BundleIfIndex,
              dsx0BundleCircuitIdentifier,
              dsx0BundleRowStatus }
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing the ability to
            create a new ds0Bundle in the ifTable as well as
            configuration information about the ds0Bundle."
    ::= { ds0BundleGroups 2 }
END
```

6. Intellectual Property

The IETF takes no position regarding the validity or scope of any intellectual property or other rights that might be claimed to pertain to the implementation or use of the technology described in this document or the extent to which any license under such rights might or might not be available; neither does it represent that it has made any effort to identify any such rights. Information on the IETF's procedures with respect to rights in standards-track and standards-related documentation can be found in BCP-11. Copies of claims of rights made available for publication and any assurances of licenses to be made available, or the result of an attempt made to obtain a general license or permission for the use of such proprietary rights by implementors or users of this specification can be obtained from the IETF Secretariat.

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7. Acknowledgments

This document was produced by the Trunk MIB Working Group.

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9. Security Considerations

SNMPv1 by itself is such an insecure environment. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPSec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET (read) the objects in this MIB.

It is recommended that the implementors consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework. Specifically, the use of the User-based Security Model RFC 2274 [12] and the View-based Access Control Model RFC 2275 [15] is recommended.

It is then a customer/user responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB, is properly configured to give access to those objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to access them.

Setting the following objects to an inappropriate value can cause loss of traffic. In the case of dsx0RobbedBitSignalling, for example, the nature of the traffic flowing on the DSO can be affected.

dsx0RobbedBitSignalling dsx0IdleCode dsx0SeizedCode dsx0TransmitCodesEnable dsx0BundleRowStatus dsx0BondMode dsx0BondRowStatus

Setting the following objects is mischievous, but not harmful to traffic.

dsx0CircuitIdentifier dsx0BundleNextIndex

10. Author's Address

David Fowler Newbridge Networks 600 March Road Kanata, Ontario, Canada K2K 2E6

Phone: (613) 599-3600, ext 6559 EMail: davef@newbridge.com

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